## REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ELLIOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



## ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ELLIOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2014

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Elliott County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

We have issued an unmodified opinion, based on our audit, on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances – Regulatory Basis of Elliott County, Kentucky.

#### **Financial Condition:**

The Elliott County Fiscal Court had total receipts of \$3,251,993 and disbursements of \$3,581,236 in fiscal year 2014. This resulted in a total ending fund balance of \$492,701, which is a decrease of \$211,143 from the prior year.

#### **Report Comments:**

2014-001	Restricted Road Funds Of \$26,706 Were Spent For General Fund Purposes, Increasing The
	Liability Owed From The General Fund To The Road Fund To \$146,905
2014-002	The Jail Fund Owes The Local Government Economic Assistance Fund \$21,795 From Prior Years
2014-003	Timesheets Should Be Maintained For All Employees
2014-004	The County Did Not Comply With Bid Procedures For A Purchase Exceeding \$20,000
2014-005	The County Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties And Internal Controls Over Disbursements

#### **Deposits:**

The fiscal court deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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### ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Carl Fannin, Elliott County Judge/Executive
Members of the Elliott County Fiscal Court

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### **Report on the Financial Statement**

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Elliott County, Kentucky, for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described more fully in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Elliott County, Kentucky on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Elliott County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of Elliott County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, and its cash receipts and disbursements, for the year then ended, in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of Elliott County, Kentucky. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement, however they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement.

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#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2015 on our consideration of Elliott County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2014-001	Restricted Road Funds Of \$26,706 Were Spent For General Fund Purposes, Increasing The
	Liability Owed From The General Fund To The Road Fund To \$146,905
2014-002	The Jail Fund Owes The Local Government Economic Assistance Fund \$21,795 From Prior Years
2014-003	Timesheets Should Be Maintained For All Employees
2014-004	The County Did Not Comply With Bid Procedures For A Purchase Exceeding \$20,000
2014-005	The County Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties And Internal Controls Over Disbursements

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

February 27, 2015

#### **ELLIOTT COUNTY OFFICIALS**

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Carl Fannin County Judge/Executive

Billy Wilson Magistrate
Kathy Adkins Magistrate
Brian Dillon Magistrate
Angie Porter Magistrate
James Salyers Magistrate
Robert Wright Magistrate
Gary Sparks Magistrate

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

John Lewis, Jr. County Attorney

Mark Lewis Jailer

Shelia Blevins County Clerk

Jason Ison Circuit Court Clerk

Jim Stephens Sheriff

Lovell Mayse Property Valuation Administrator

Mark Lewis Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Heather Stevens County Treasurer

Darren Fannin Road Supervisor

### ELLIOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

### ELLIOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

**Budgeted Funds** 

		Duage tea Fulias				
	General			Road Fund		Jail Fund
		Fund		runu		ruiu .
RECEIPTS						
Taxes	\$	588,873	\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		17,621				
Excess Fees		5,606				
Licenses and Permits		1,677				
Intergovernmental		437,186		1,529,796		86,197
Charges for Services				2,481		46
Miscellaneous		18,117		22		10
Interest		67		186		
Total Receipts		1,069,147		1,532,485		86,253
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government		638,193		19,966		
Protection to Persons and Property		64,729				294,034
General Health and Sanitation		2,400				
Social Services		18,117				
Recreation and Culture		23,918				
Roads				1,243,151		
Debt Service		20,846		161,091		
Administration		287,414		132,531		9,900
Total Disbursements		1,055,617		1,556,739		303,934
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over						
Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		13,530		(24,254)		(217,681)
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)						
Financing Obligation Proceeds				118,100		
Transfers From Other Funds		151,097				210,000
Transfers To Other Funds		(210,000)		(172,553)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(58,903)		(54,453)		210,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(45,373)		(78,707)		(7,681)
Fund Balance - Beginning		116,676		165,121		14,025
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	71,303	\$	86,414	\$	6,344
Composition of Fund Balance						
Bank Balance	\$	73,638	\$	250,368	\$	13,499
Less: Outstanding Checks	·	(2,335)		(154,330)		(7,155)
Less: Outstanding Short-Term Loan (Note 5)				(9,624)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	71,303	\$	86,414	\$	6,344
I and Damine Linding	Ψ_	71,303	Ψ	00,717	Ψ	

## ELLIOTT COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

		Buc	lgeted Funds	;		<b>Unbudgeted Fund</b>			
E	Local evernment conomic ssistance Fund		911 Fund		Library nstruction Fund	Public Facilities Corporation Fund			Total Funds
\$	128,814	\$	159,704	\$		\$		\$	877,391 17,621 5,606
	2,000				125,000		148,462		1,677 2,328,641 2,527 18,149
	66				62				381
	130,880		159,704		125,062		148,462		3,251,993
	16,563 14,567 14,242		146,344						674,722 519,674 16,642 18,117 23,918 1,243,151
					122,856		320,673		625,466
			28,701				1,000		459,546
	45,372		175,045		122,856		321,673		3,581,236
	85,508		(15,341)		2,206		(173,211)		(329,243)
							21,456		118,100 382,553 (382,553)
							21,456		118,100
	85,508		(15,341)		2,206		(151,755)		(211,143)
	95,127		17,523		139,605		155,767		703,844
\$	180,635	\$	2,182	\$	141,811	\$	4,012	\$	492,701
\$	180,635	\$	2,361 (179)	\$	141,811	\$	4,012	\$	666,324 (163,999) (9,624)
\$	180,635	\$	2,182	\$	141,811	\$	4,012	\$	492,701

### INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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### ELLIOTT COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2014

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Elliott County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Elliott County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

#### **B.** Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### **Budgeted Funds**

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **C.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

911 Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for dispatch expenses of the county. The primary source of receipts for this fund is the 911 telephone surcharge.

Library Construction Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for construction of the Elliott County Public Library. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state grants.

#### **Unbudgeted Funds**

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

Public Facilities Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the proceeds and debt service of revenue bonds that were issued to fund construction of public buildings.

#### **D.** Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursement to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Public Facilities Corporation Fund to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **E.** Elliott County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Elliott County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of Elliott County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

#### Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2014, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2014.

					Total		
	General		Road	Trar	nsfers From		
	Fund	Fund			Other Funds		
General Fund	\$	\$	151,097	\$	151,097		
Jail Fund	210,000				210,000		
Public Facilities Corporation Fund			21,456		21,456		
Total Transfers To Other Funds	\$ 210,000	\$	172,553	\$	382,553		

#### Reason for transfers:

To move resources from the General Fund and Road Funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

#### Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Liabilities

The table below reflects fund balances after accounting for receivables and liabilities that are not included on the financial statement prepared in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting.

	Gei	neral Fund	R	oad Fund	J	ail Fund	LGEA Fund		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	71,303	\$	86,414	\$	6,344	\$	180,635	
Interfund Receivables/Liabilities		(146,905)		146,905		(21,795)		21,795	
				_					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(75,602)	\$	233,319	\$	(15,451)	\$	202,430	

#### Note 5. Short-term Debt

#### A. Financing Obligation - Chevrolet Silverado

On July 9, 2013, the Elliott County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with Kentucky Bank to purchase a 2009 Chevrolet Silverado Crew Cab Pickup in the amount of \$9,624. As of June 30, 2014, this lease had a remaining balance of \$9,624. The agreement requires the lease to be paid in full by July 9, 2014.

#### **B.** Changes In Short-term Debt

Short-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Financing Obligations	\$		\$	9,624	\$		\$	9,624	\$	9,624
Total Short-term Debt	\$	0	\$	9,624	\$	0	\$	9,624	\$	9,624

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt

#### A. First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Courthouse Renovation

On November 16, 2006, the Elliott County Public Properties Corporation, a component unit of the Elliott County Fiscal Court, issued \$1,770,000 in First Mortgage Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, for the purpose of defeasing the First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2000. The 2000 series bonds were issued to renovate the existing courthouse facility. On May 1, 2000, the county entered into a lease agreement with the Administrative Office of the Courts in order to provide funding to meet annual debt service requirements. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually in September and March of each year commencing March 1, 2007. Principal payments are payable annually commencing March 1, 2007. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance on these bonds was \$1,105,000. Future principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Principal	Interest				
2015	\$	105,000	\$	43,860			
2016		110,000		39,975			
2017		110,000		35,905			
2018		115,000		31,725			
2019		120,000		27,353			
2020-2023		545,000		59,075			
	,						
Totals	\$	1,105,000	\$	237,893			

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### B. Road Bond Series 2010

On June 17, 2010, the Elliott County Fiscal Court issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 for the purpose of defeasing the General Obligation Bond Series 2007 in the amount of \$1,495,000. Semiannual principal and interest payments are required in January and July of each year. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance remaining was \$1,240,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Principal	Interest				
2015	\$ 130,000	\$	41,450			
2016	135,000		38,131			
2017	140,000		34,175			
2018	145,000		29,628			
2019	150,000		24,369			
2020-2023	540,000		38,028			
Totals	\$ 1,240,000	\$	205,781			

#### C. KADD Courthouse Renovation

On September 27, 2001, the Elliott County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust (KADD) to finance the completion of the renovation of the county's courthouse facility in the amount of \$240,000. The agreement requires two semiannual interest payments be made in March and September of each year. Principal payments are due in September of each year to be paid in full September 20, 2026. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance remaining was \$165,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2015	\$	10,000	\$	10,333		
2016		10,000		9,808		
2017		10,000		9,283		
2018		10,000		8,750		
2019		10,000		8,210		
2020-2024		70,000		30,460		
2025-2027		45,000		7,530		
Totals	\$	165,000	\$	84,374		

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### D. KPADD 2011- Library

On December 7, 2010, the Elliott County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Public Agency Development Lease Program (KPADD) in the amount of \$1,076,000 refinance the Kentucky Area Development District agreement dated December 20, 2001 that was used for the construction of the Elliott County Public Library. Semiannual principal and interest payments are required in June and December of each year. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance remaining was \$811,000. Future lease principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2015	\$	89,000	\$	27,960		
2016		93,000		25,341		
2017		95,000		22,402		
2018		99,000		19,176		
2019		101,000		15,599		
2020-2022		334,000		21,230		
Totals	\$	811,000	\$	131,708		

#### E. Asphalt Paver

On January 7, 2014, the Elliott County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with Republic Bank & Trust Company in the amount of \$118,100 to purchase of an asphalt paver. Annual principal and interest payments are required in December of each year. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance remaining was \$118,100. Future lease principal and interest requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	I	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$	22,766	\$	2,475	
2016		23,017		2,223	
2017		23,549		1,691	
2018		24,103		1,137	
2019		24,665		575	
Totals	\$	118,100	\$	8,101	

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### F. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Revenue Bonds General Obligation Bonds Financing Obligations	\$ 1,205,000 1,370,000 1,078,000	\$ 118,100	\$ 100,000 130,000 102,000	\$ 1,105,000 1,240,000 1,094,100	\$ 105,000 130,000 121,766	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 3,653,000	\$ 118,100	\$ 332,000	\$ 3,439,100	\$ 356,766	

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.89 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.70 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2012 was \$171,816, FY 2013 was \$185,673, and FY 2014 was \$180,650.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

#### **Note 7.** Employee Retirement System (Continued)

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, Elliott County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.



## ELLIOTT COUNTY BUDGRTARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

## ELLIOTT COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

				021,221		0112		<del></del>
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	\$	518,115	\$	599,638	\$	588,873	\$	(10,765)
In Lieu Tax Payments		18,000		18,000		17,621		(379)
Excess Fees						5,606		5,606
Licenses and Permits						1,677		1,677
Intergovernmental		529,855		542,896		437,186		(105,710)
Miscellaneous		14,400		16,954		18,117		1,163
Interest		70		70		67		(3)
Total Receipts		1,080,440		1,177,558		1,069,147		(108,411)
DISBURSEMENTS								
General Government		612,342		682,421		638,193		44,228
Protection to Persons and Property		28,016		64,885		64,729		156
General Health and Sanitation		2,400		2,400		2,400		
Social Services		55,600		60,000		18,117		41,883
Recreation and Culture		34,800		35,300		23,918		11,382
Debt Service		26,500		26,500		20,846		5,654
Administration		267,300		369,246		287,414		81,832
Total Disbursements		1,026,958		1,240,752		1,055,617		185,135
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		53,482		(63,194)		13,530		76,724
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers From Other Funds		164,097		164,097		151,097		(13,000)
Transfers To Other Funds		(216,979)		(216,979)		(210,000)		6,979
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(52,882)		(52,882)		(58,903)		(6,021)
Net Change in Fund Balance		600		(116,076)		(45,373)		70,703
Fund Balance - Beginning				116,676		116,676		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	600	\$	600	\$	71,303	\$	70,703

				ROAL	D FU	JND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS Intergovernmental	\$ 1,2	214,934	\$	1,500,659	\$	1,529,796	\$	29,137
Charges For Services Miscellaneous	Ψ 1,2	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	2,481 22	Ψ	(519) 22
Interest Total Receipts	1,2	300		300 1,503,959		186 1,532,485		(114) 28,526
DISBURSEMENTS				_		_		
General Government Roads Debt Service	7	29,000 230,537 273,000		19,966 1,189,276 172,923		19,966 1,125,051 172,923		64,225
Administration Total Disbursements	1	34,600 067,137		136,054 1,518,219		132,531 1,450,471		3,523 67,748
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		51,097		(14,260)		82,014		96,274
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		<u>51,097)</u> <u>51,097)</u>		(151,097) (151,097)		(151,097) (151,097)		
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(165,357) 165,121		(69,083) 165,121		96,274
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(236)	\$	96,038	\$	96,274
Reconciliation of the Road Fund								
Total Disbursements - Budgetary Basis Reclassify Debt Service Disbursement To Transfer To Public Facilities Corporation Fund Increase Roads To Include Asphalt Paver Purchase Increase Debt Service To Include Short-Term Liability Owed At June 30, 2014					\$	1,450,471 (21,456) 118,100 9,624		
Total Disbursements - Regulatory Basis					\$	1,556,739		
Total Other Adjustment To Cash (Uses) - Budgetary Basis Financing Obligation Proceeds For Asphalt Paver Purchase Reclassify Transfer To Public Facilities Corporation Fund From Debt Service					\$	(151,097) 118,100 (21,456)		
Total Other Adjustments To Cash (Uses) - Regulatory B	asis				\$	(54,453)		
Fund Balance - Ending - Budgetary Basis Decrease To Include Short-Term Liability Owed At J	Tune 30, 20	14			\$	96,038 (9,624)		
Total Fund Balance - Ending - Regulatory Basis					\$	86,414		

	JAIL FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive	
RECEIPTS		Original		Final		Basis)	(1	Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	88,590	\$	88,598	\$	86,197	\$	(2,401)	
Miscellaneous	Ψ	00,570	Ψ	00,570	Ψ	46	Ψ	46	
Interest		20		20		10		(10)	
Total Receipts		88,610		88,618		86,253		(2,365)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		296,239		301,714		294,034		7,680	
Adminsitration		9,350		17,672		9,900		7,772	
Total Disbursements		305,589		319,386		303,934		15,452	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(216,979)		(230,768)		(217,681)		13,087	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Transfers From Other Funds		216,979		216,979		210,000		(6,979)	
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		216,979		216,979		210,000		(6,979)	
Net Change in Fund Balance				(13,789)		(7,681)		6,108	
Fund Balance - Beginning				14,025		14,025			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	236	\$	6,344	\$	6,108	

Fund Balance - Ending

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND Actual Variance with Final Budget Amounts, Positive **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Final (Negative) Original Basis) RECEIPTS Intergovernmental \$ 30,000 60,636 \$ 128,814 68,178 2,000 2,000 Miscellaneous Interest 27 39 66 30,000 60,663 130,880 70,217 **Total Receipts DISBURSEMENTS** 13,950 16,563 301 General Government 16,864 Protection to Persons and Property 15,000 14,567 433 14,242 14,242 General Health and Sanitation 3,050 Administration 96,684 96,684 Total Disbursements 17,000 142,790 45,372 97,418 Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) 13,000 (82,127)85,508 167,635 Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) Transfers To Other Funds 13,000 (13,000)(13,000)Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses) (13,000)(13,000)13,000 (95,127)85,508 180,635 Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning 95,127 95,127

0

180,635

180,635

	911 FUND								
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS	\$	150,000	\$	150.704	\$	150 704	¢.		
Taxes Intergovernmental	Ф	150,000 25,000	Ф	159,704 25,000	Э	159,704	\$	(25,000)	
Total Receipts		175,000		184,704		159,704		(25,000)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Protection to Persons and Property		143,000		149,182		146,344		2,838	
Administration		32,000		53,045		28,701		24,344	
Total Disbursements		175,000		202,227		175,045		27,182	
Net Change in Fund Balance				(17,523)		(15,341)		2,182	
Fund Balance - Beginning				17,523		17,523			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,182	\$	2,182	

	 LIBRARY CONSTRUCTION FUND						
	 Budgeted Amounts Original Fin		Actual Amounts, nounts (Budgetary Final Basis)		Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
RECEIPTS							
Intergovernmental	\$ 125,000	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	
Interest			21		62		41
Total Receipts	 125,000		125,021		125,062		41
DISBURSEMENTS							
Debt Service	125,085		125,085		122,856		2,229
Administration	500		139,541				139,541
Total Disbursements	 125,585		264,626		122,856		141,770
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (585)		(139,605)		2,206		141,811
Net Change in Fund Balance	(585)		(139,605)		2,206		141,811
Fund Balance - Beginning	 585		139,605		139,605		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	141,811	\$	141,811

### ELLIOTT COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2014

#### **Note 1. Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



### ELLIOTT COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

The fiscal court reports the following schedule of capital assets:

		Beginning					Ending
	Balance		Additions Deletions		Deletions	Balance	
	(Restated)						
Land and Land Improvements	\$	233,000	\$		\$	\$	233,000
Buildings	\$	4,795,529					4,795,529
Other Equipment	\$	1,801,260		178,360			1,979,620
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	277,488		11,813			289,301
Infrastructure	\$	2,117,879		991,149	2,465,180		643,848
Total Capital Assets	\$	9,225,156	\$ 1,	181,322	\$ 2,465,180	\$	7,941,298

### Restatements:

The Beginning Balance of Other Equipment was increased by \$919,259.

The Beginning Balance of Vehicles and Equipment was decreased by \$221,620

The Beginning Balance of Infrastructure was decreased by \$402,301.

These restatements were the result of management corrections to the Capital Asset Schedule.

## ELLIOTT COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

### June 30, 2014

### Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	oitalization hreshold	Useful Life (Years)
Land Improvements	\$ 12,500	10-60
Buildings	\$ 25,000	10-75
<b>Buildings and Building Improvements</b>	\$ 25,000	10-20
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$ 2,500	3-5
Infrastructure	\$ 20,000	0-50

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



## ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Carl Fannin, Elliott County Judge/Executive Members of the Elliott County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Elliott County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2015. The Fiscal Court's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered the Elliott County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, which is described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as item 2014-005 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Elliott County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2014-001, 2014-002, 2014-003, and 2014-004.

### County Judge/Executive's Responses to Findings

The Elliott County Judge/Executive's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying comments and recommendations. The County Judge/Executive's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

February 27, 2015

### ELLIOTT COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

### ELLIOTT COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:

2014-001 Restricted Road Funds Of \$26,706 Were Spent For General Fund Purposes, Increasing The Liability Owed From The General Fund To The Road Fund To \$146,905

Money from restricted road funds was used for purposes other than permitted by law. Road funds can only be spent on roads, except for the amount approved by Department for Local Government (DLG) on the Road Cost Allocation Worksheet. For the years 2010 through 2013, the liability owed from the General Fund to the Road Fund due to misuse of restricted funds was \$120,199. During the year, we determined the Road Fund spent additional restricted funds of \$26,706 on Solid Waste Coordinator Salary, bringing the cumulative liability owed from the General Fund to the Road Fund to \$146,905. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, fund balances are not adjusted for the unpaid liability on the financial statement, however the liability is still owed. We recommend the General Fund liability be paid as money becomes available.

County Judge/Executive Carl Fannin's response: The Solid Waste Coordinators salary is now being paid from the General Fund. We will formulate a payment plan to pay this deficit.

2014-002 The Jail Fund Owes The Local Government Economic Assistance Fund \$21,795 From Prior Years

In prior years, \$21,795 of restricted Local Government Economic Assistance (LGEA) funds were transferred to the Jail Fund in excess of the approved amount, creating a liability between the funds. The excess amount had not been repaid as of FYE June 30, 2014. As of FY 2010-2011, excess transfers from the LGEA Fund to the Jail Fund were no longer being made. Fiscal Court has not made any payments from the Jail Fund to the LGEA Fund to reduce the liability. Under the regulatory basis of accounting, fund balances are not adjusted for the unpaid liability. We recommend the General Fund liability be paid as money becomes available.

County Judge/Executive Carl Fannin's response: We will work on a payment plan to pay back this deficit.

#### 2014-003 Timesheets Should Be Maintained For All Employees

KRS 337.320 requires every employer to maintain a record of: (a) the amount paid each pay period to each employee; (b) the hours worked each day and each week by each employee. The Road Supervisor does not submit a timesheet. All county employees, with the exception of elected officials, should submit timesheets to document their time worked and leave time used. Without maintaining all timesheets with the signatures of both employee and supervisor, documentation of actual hours worked is not verified by employee and approved by supervisor. We recommend the Road Supervisor maintain and submit timesheets that are signed by both the employee and supervisor, and that timesheets agree to the hours paid.

County Judge/Executive Carl Fannin's response: Timesheets will be kept for all employees from this point forward.

ELLIOTT COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

### **STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS:** (Continued)

2014-004 The County Did Not Comply With Bid Procedures For A Purchase Exceeding \$20,000

The County purchased a backhoe for \$38,500 from a local vendor without advertising for bids. Making purchases over \$20,000 without advertising for bids is allowable if purchases are made from an approved state contract vendor for the state contract price. However, this purchase was made from a local vendor who was not an approved state price contract vendor. Failure to either advertise for bids or purchase from an approved state price contract vendor is a violation of KRS 424.260 and a possible misuse of public funds. We recommend the County purchase from state price contract vendors or advertise for bids for all purchases of \$20,000 or more in accordance with KRS 424.260.

County Judge/Executive Carl Fannin's response: This was a clear oversight that we will work to ensure does not happen again.

### INTERNAL CONTROL – SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

2014-005 The County Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties And Lacks Internal Controls Over Disbursements

The County lacks adequate segregation of duties and internal controls over disbursements. Typically when one person is in charge of these functions, strong compensating controls are needed. The treasurer posts receipts, disbursements, and prepares bank reconciliations and reports. We recommend the following procedures be implemented to strengthen internal controls over these various functions:

An employee independent of check writing and posting duties should match purchase orders to checks and invoices. The employee who signs checks should cancel purchase orders and invoices to ensure invoices are not paid twice. Also, the employee should ensure the check numbers agree to the check register and vouchers and the disbursements are posted to the appropriate account code.

County Judge/Executive Carl Fannin's response: We will have another employee review disbursements.

### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### ELLIOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

### ELLIOTT COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Elliott County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

**County Treasurer**